

The impact of EXtreme weather events on MINing operations





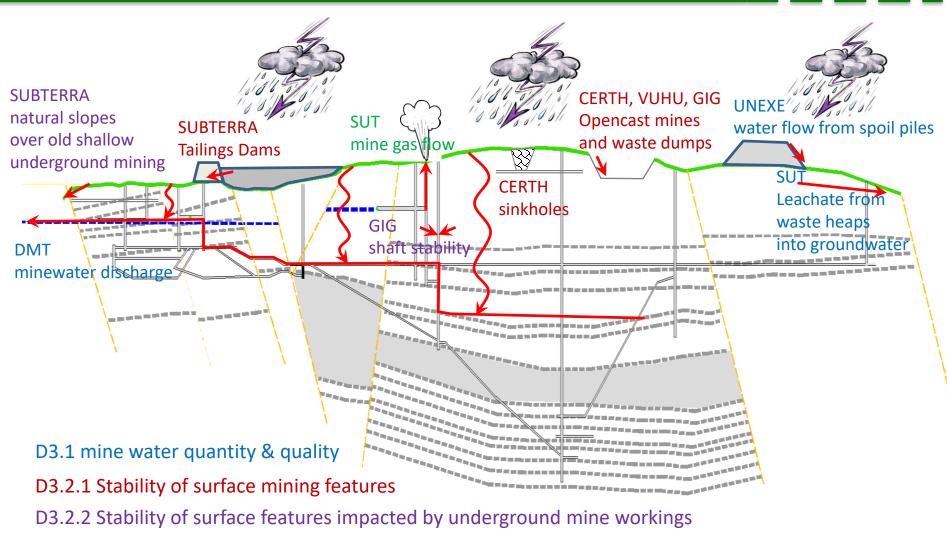
Summary of impacts & synthesis of modelling undertaken in TEXMIN project (WP3)

**Final Conference, 4th of October 2022** 





### **Overview of considered topics**

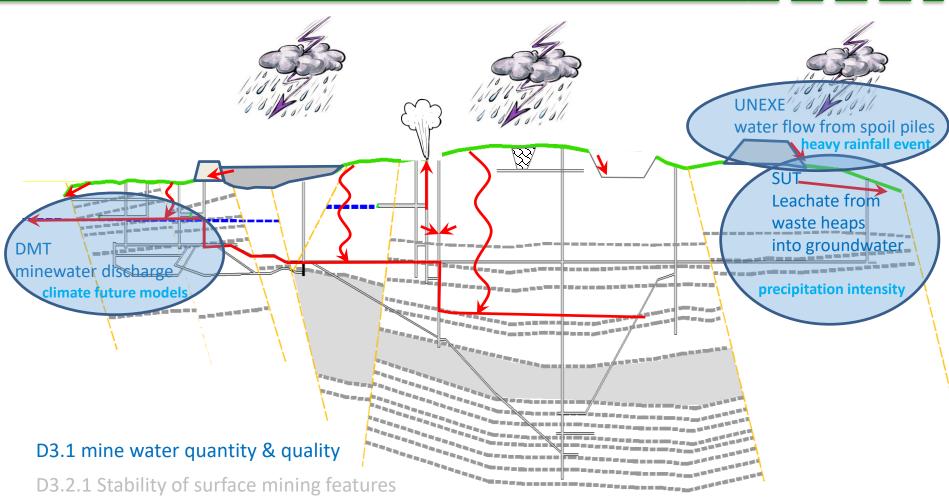


D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases





#### **D3.1** Mine water quantity & quality



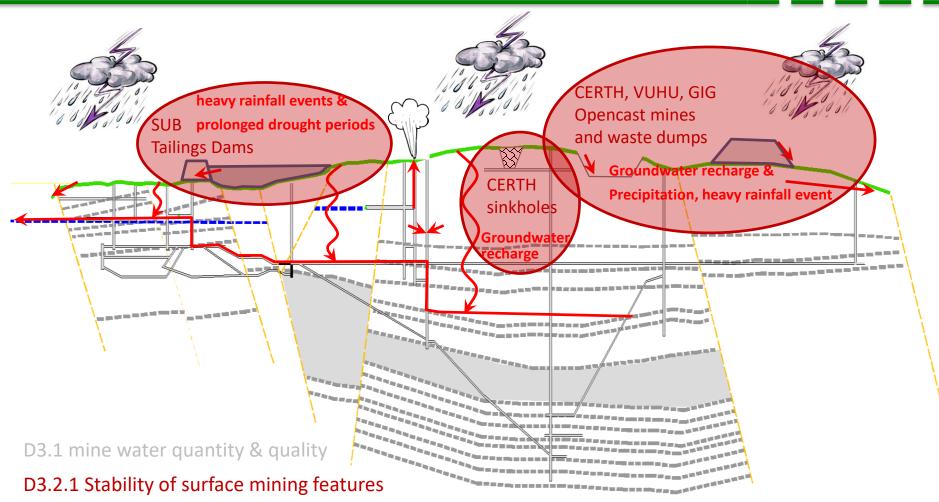
- D3.2.2 Stability of surface features impacted by underground mine workings
- D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases

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# TEXMIN

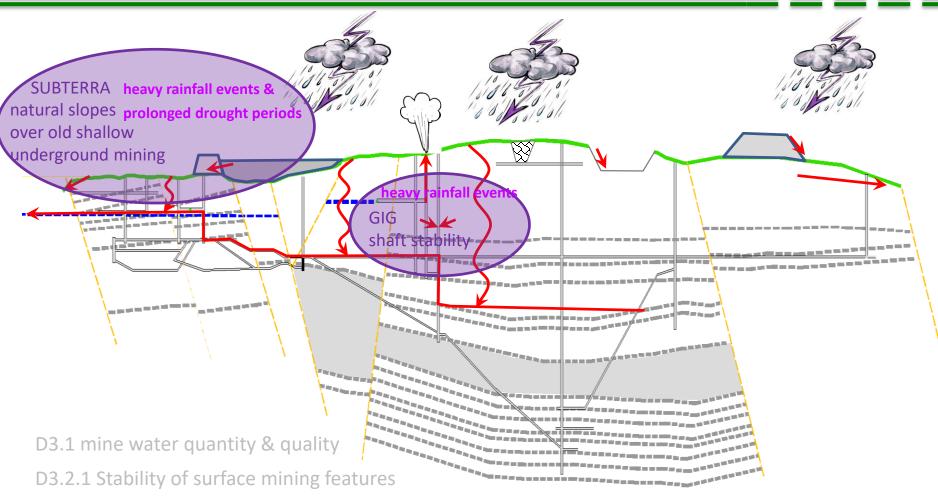


## **D3.2.1 Stability of surface mining features**



- D3.2.2 Stability of surface features impacted by underground mine workings
- D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases

## DMT TEXMIN D3.2.2 Stability of surface features impacted by underground mine workings



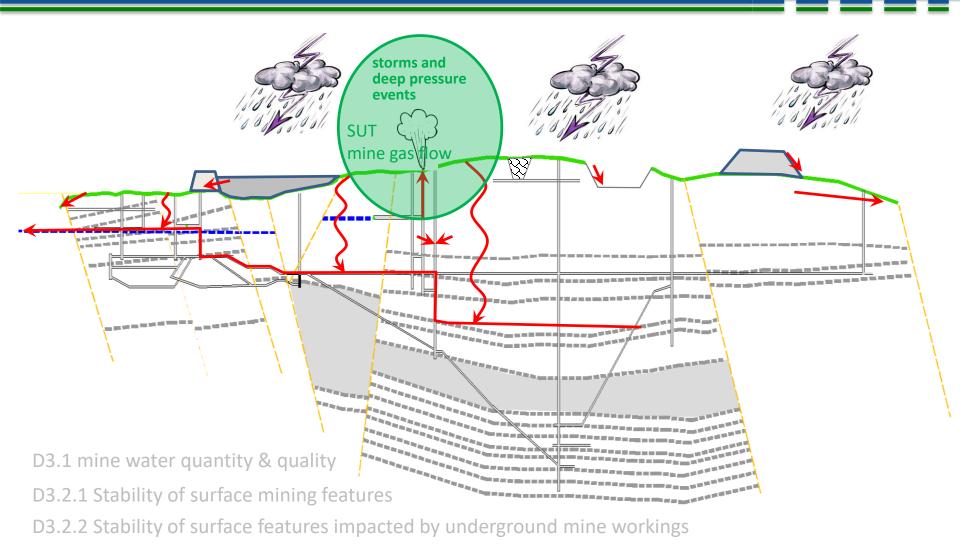
#### D3.2.2 Stability of surface features impacted by underground mine workings

D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases





#### **D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases**

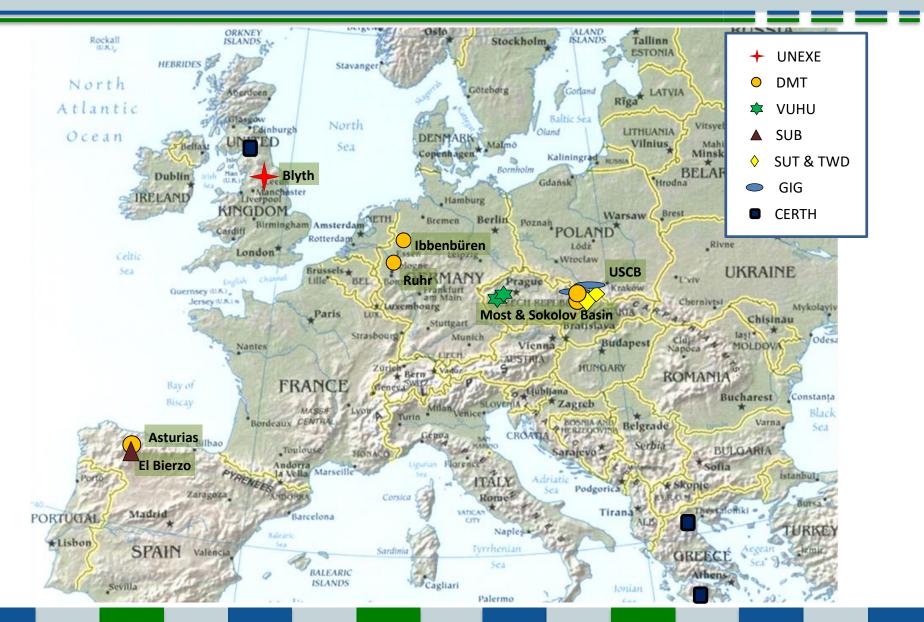


#### D3.3 environmental impacts on mine gases





## **Investigated test site locations**

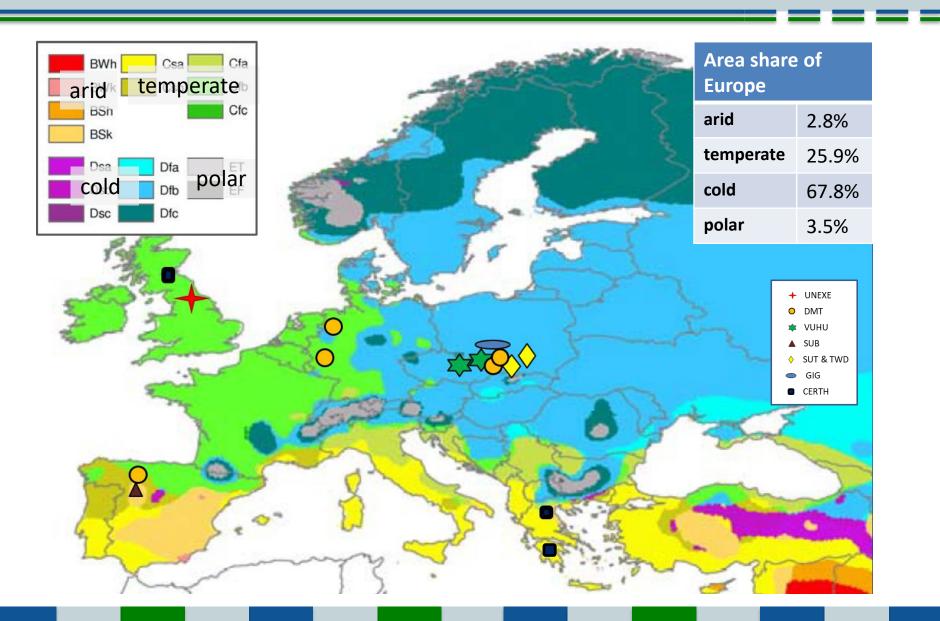


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#### **Climate classification of the test site locations**

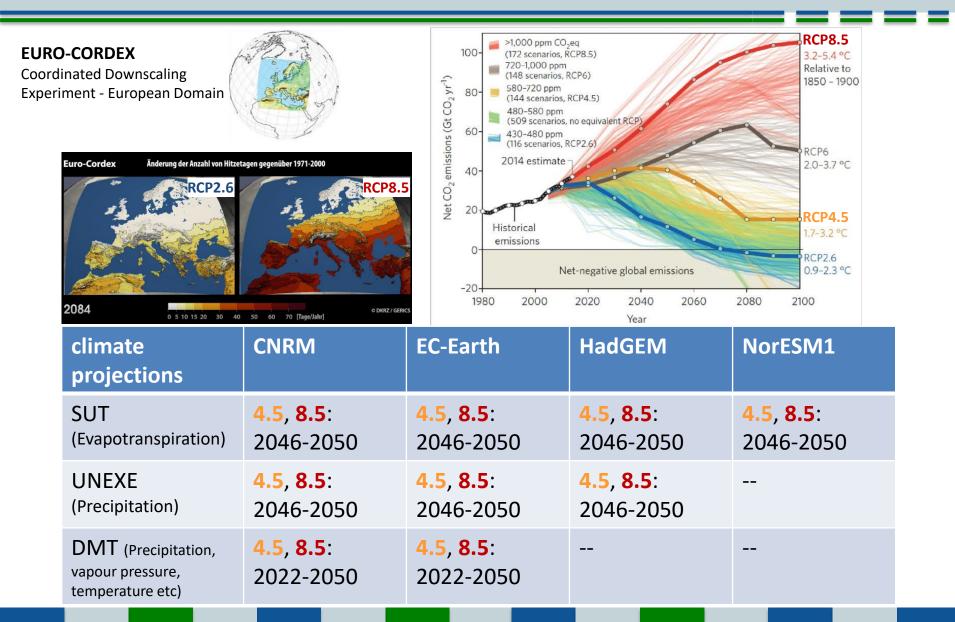








### **Climate models**









### **Climatic events**

Project partner	Heavy Rainfall	Project partner	Extreme droughts
GIG & TWD	high intensity of rainfall over a short period of time	SUB	Combination of heavy rainfall events with prolonged drought periods
DMT	recent heavy rainfall event	Project partner	Groundwater formation/recharge
UNEXE	one extreme rainfall event identified by climate modelling	SUT	multi-year groundwater monitoring (January 2004 to June 2020)
SUT & TWD	Precipitation event	D. 47	GW-recharge calculation and transfer to
VUHU	historical rainfall events	DMT	mine water discharge
GIG & SRK	Precipitation event	Project partner	Low pressure systems
CERTH	parametric analysis, extreme rainfall	SUT	Pressure drops up to 4hPa/1h or even 5hPa/1h once every 2 years

#### 

# TEXMIN



## **Anticipated Risks and Mitigation**

#### Possible anticipated risks, mitigation is possible

- no significant changes are to be expected
- increase of the effects appears rather unlikely
- effect of climate change not clear, mitigation is possible

#### High anticipated risks, mitigation is possible

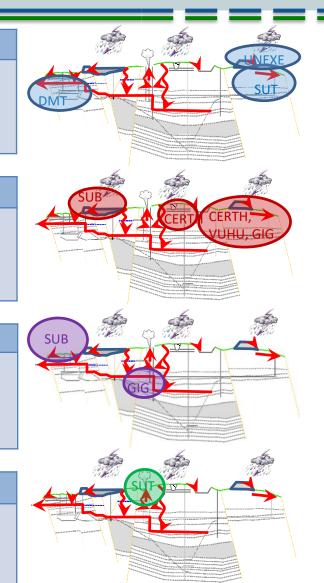
- roof stability was noticeably deteriorated
- significant impact on erosion
- significant impact on slope stability

Moderate anticipated risks, mitigation is possible

- horizontal landslides are minimal
- no increases in minimum displacements
- worst case: destruction of an isolating dam and inrush of filling material

#### High anticipated risks, mitigation is possible

- increased concentration of emitted gases
- gases are transported further away from the emission source
- dilution in the atmospheric air is expected









#### Conclusions

- Evaluation and quantification of the key physical relating to several areas of interest resulting from changes in climatic conditions
- Main climatic influenced element in most cases is **water** in the form of **precipitation**
- Ambient (atmospheric) pressure as key element for gas emissions
- All investigated sites in areas with warm or hot summers
- Several Risks to be expected
- **Mitigation** concepts available in most cases

#### Outlook

- climate zones with cold summers
- climate zones outside of Europe









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and all other project participants in WP3